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CMIP5 GCM evaluation: a downscaling perspective

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Thanks to:

S. Herrera J. Fernández J. M. Gutiérrez



1st CORDEX-WRF Workshop

Univ. La Laguna (1-3 October 2012), Tenerife, Spain

Motivation · Scientific questions

- How good are CMIP5 GCMs?
 - Downscaling perspective: How good are the fields I use as input for downscaling?
- What kind of defects do they show?

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Downscaling perspective:
Can I correct them before use?

In principle, only relevant for SD but, see: Collette et al 2012(GRL), Xu & Yang, 2012(JC)

Submitted to Climate Dynamics

How well do CMIP5 Earth System Models simulate present climate conditions in Africa and Europe?

A performance comparison for the downscaling community

S. Brands + S. Herrera + J. Fernández + J.M. Gutiérrez

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Data

Code	Name	Height	Unit	Acronyms
Z	Geopotential	500 h Pa	$m^2 s^{-2}$	Z500
Т	Temperature	2m, 850hPa, 500hPa	K	T2, T850, T500
\mathbf{Q}	Specific humidity	850hPa	$kg kg^{-1}$	Q850
U	U-wind	850hPa	$m s^{-1}$	U850
V	V-wind	850hPa	$m s^{-1}$	V850
SLP	Sea-level pressure	mean sea-level	Pa	SLP

"Observations": ERA-Interim, JRA25

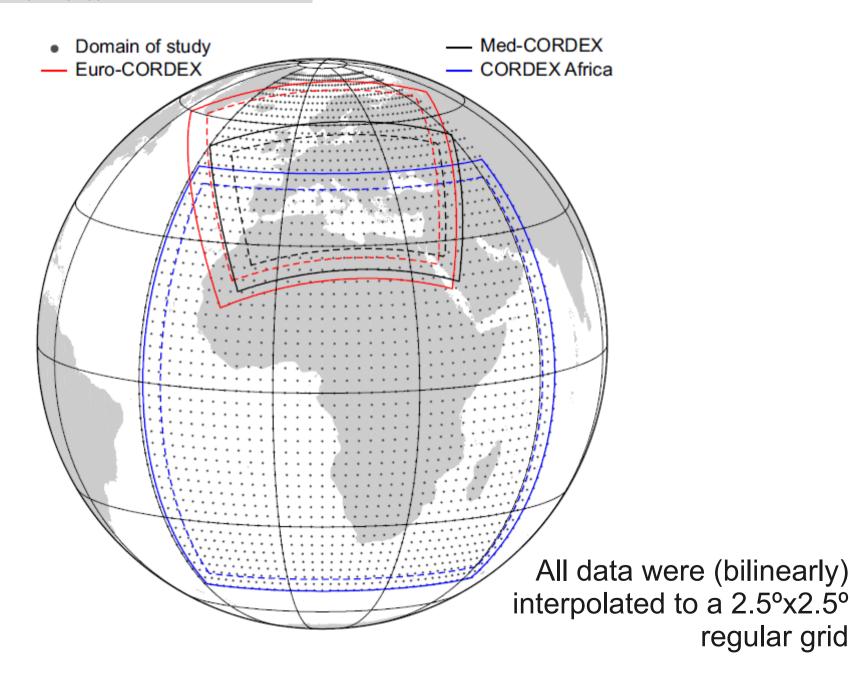
GCMs: CMIP5 **Period:** 1979-2005

Model	Hor. Resolution	Reference
CanESM2	$2.8^{\circ} \times 2.8^{\circ}$	Chylek et al (2011)
CNRM-CM5	$1.4^{\circ} \times 1.4^{\circ}$	Voldoire et al (2012)
HadGEM2-ES	$1.875^{\circ} \times 1.25^{\circ}$	Collins et al (2011)
IPSL-CM5-MR	$1.5^{\circ} \times 1.27^{\circ}$	Dufresne et al (submitted)
MIROC-ESM	$2.8^{\circ} \times 2.8^{\circ}$	Watanabe et al (2011)
MPI-ESM-LR	$1.8^{\circ} \times 1.8^{\circ}$	Raddatz et al (2007); Jungclaus et al (2010)
NorESM1-M	$1.5^{\circ} \times 1.9^{\circ}$	Kirkevag et al (2008) ; Seland et al (2008)

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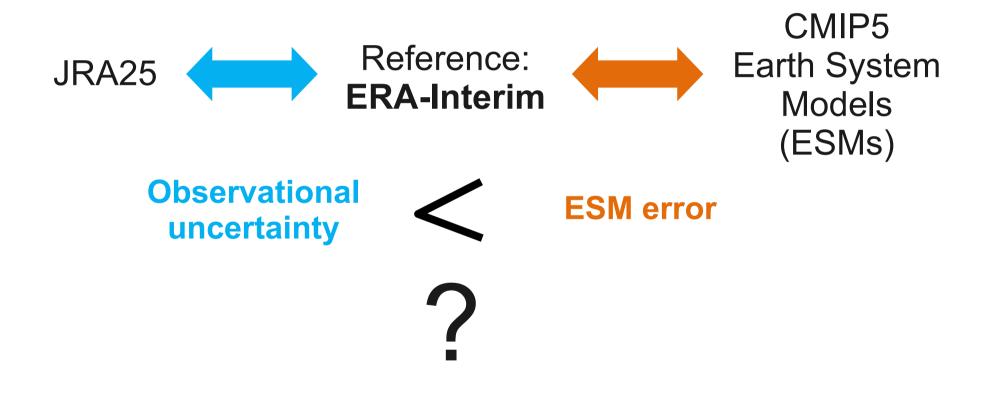
Domain of study



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Evaluation approach

http://www.meteo.unican.es



Method

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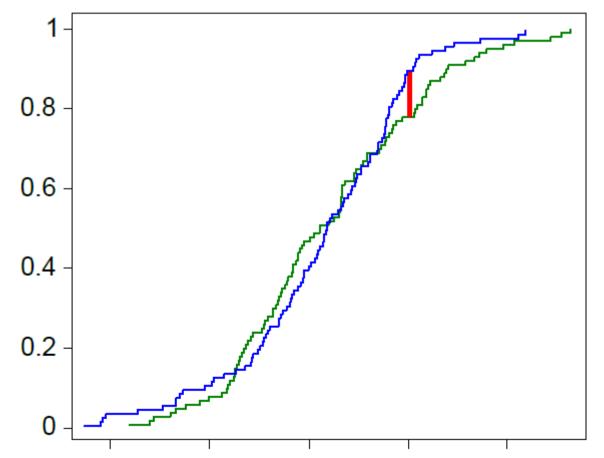
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KS statistic

Measures the distance between ECDFs

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• Bounded in [0,1]. The smaller, the more similar



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Method

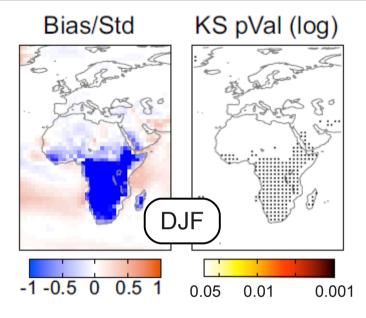
KS statistic p-value

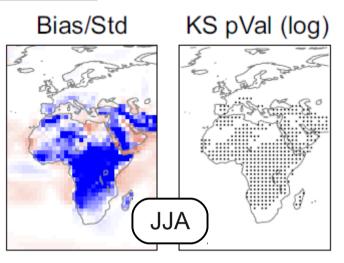
- Measures the odds that both ECDFs differ that much, if they really came from the same population
- Bounded in [0,1]. The smaller, the more significant is the difference
- Only values below 0.05 are plotted (i.e. above 95% confidence)
- To avoid significant differences due to different mean values (i.e. due to a bias), the series were centered before comparing their CDFs

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JRA25 vs.ERA-Interim

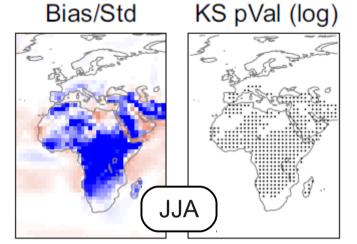
Large differences over southern Africa

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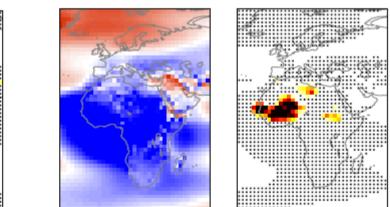
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Bias/Std KS pVal (log) DJF -0.5 0 0.5 1 0.05 0.01 0.001



JRA25 vs.ERA-Interim



CNRM-CM5 *vs.* ERA-Interim

Black dots \rightarrow significant KS becomes non-significant after centering

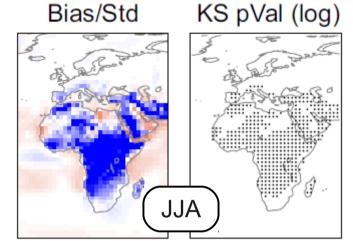
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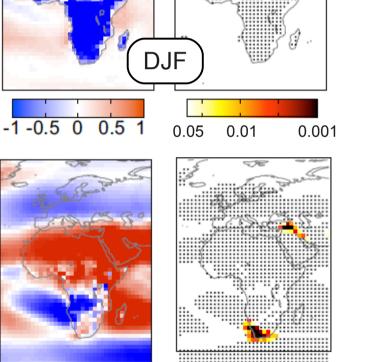
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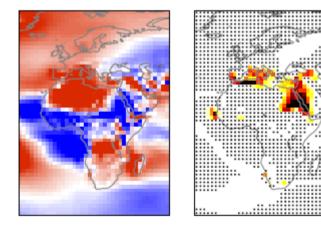
Bias/Std

KS pVal (log)



JRA25 vs.ERA-Interim





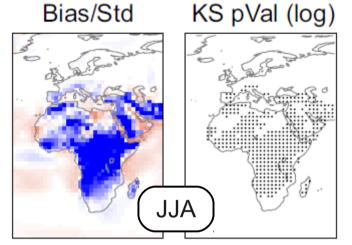
MIROC-ESM vs. ERA-Interim

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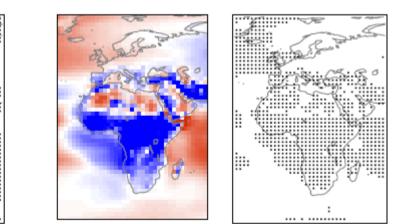
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Bias/Std KS pVal (log) DJF -1-0.5 0 0.5 1 0.05 0.01 0.001



JRA25 vs.ERA-Interim



HadGEM2-ES vs. ERA-Interim

Q850

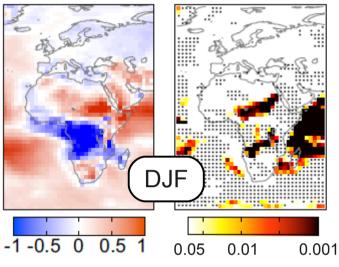
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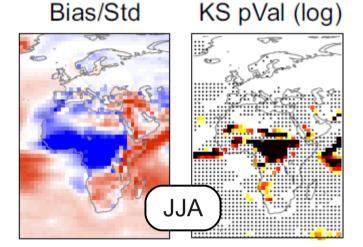
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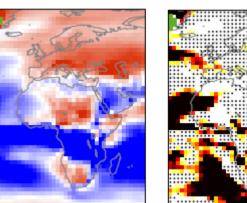
Bias/Std

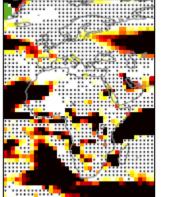
KS pVal (log)

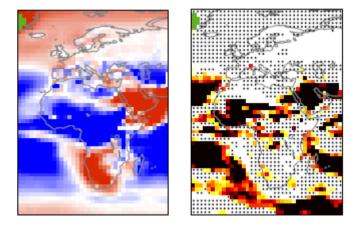




JRA25 vs.ERA-Interim







MIROC-ESM vs. ERA-Interim

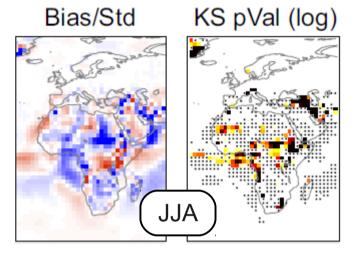
V850

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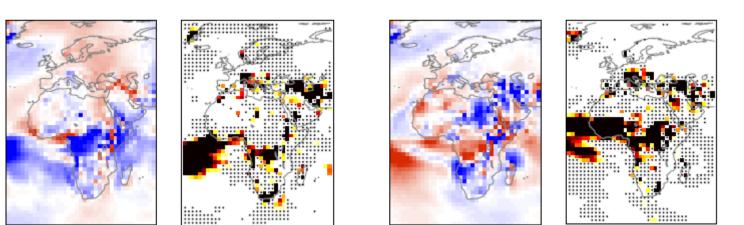
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Bias/Std KS pVal (log)



JRA25 vs.ERA-Interim

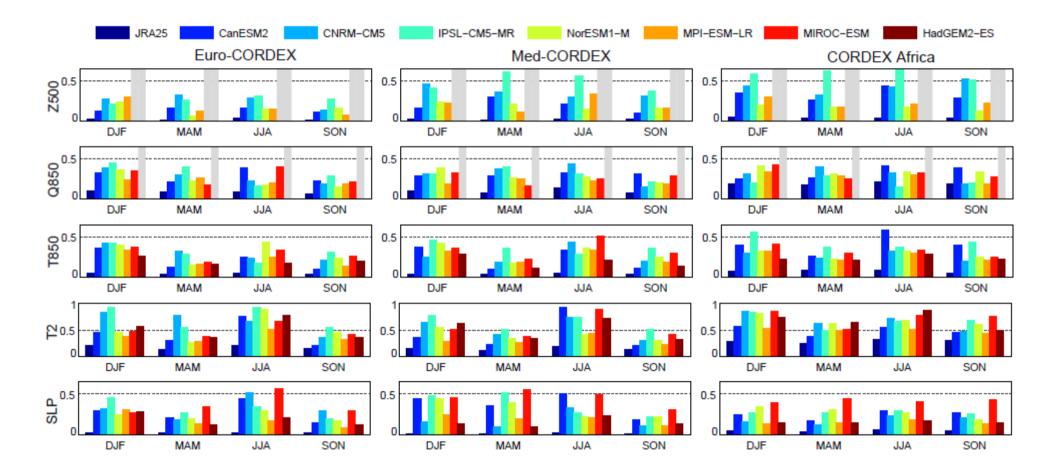


MPI-ESM-LR vs. ERA-Interim

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Median bias at the boundaries



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Conclusions

How good are CMIP5 GCMs?

Overall, they behave well but ...

• What kind of defects do they show?

... some of them show biases (notably, over Africa) which can be simply corrected. Additionally, there are also problems with higher-order moments (variability, skewness, ...) over selected regions and variables.

Any recommendation for CORDEX?

HadGEM2-ES and MPI-ESM-LR seem to outperform the rest of the models in most region boundaries and variables tested.

However, good current climate does not imply good response to a changing forcing.

Which models should we downscale?

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Work in progress...

- The same analysis is currently under way in all CORDEX regions and ...
- ... considering multiple runs for each GCM, to assess the role of internal variability in the results.

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Thank you!

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